## DEFENSIVE AND COMPETITIVE BIDDING

OVERCALLS (Style: Responses: 1/2 Level; Reopening)
8 -16 hcp, $5+$ suit (on $1^{\text {st }}$ level good 4 -card suit possible)
$2 \boldsymbol{2}=$ DRURY (fit not guaranteed)
after Drury $-2 \downarrow=<10 \mathrm{hcp}$, repeating suit = weak opening hand
2 of opps' (nat) suit = good raise ((3)4c support); minisplinter
reopening: NAT, no special differences (may be weaker)
1NT OVERCALL ( $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }} / 4^{\text {th }}$ Live; Responses; Reopening)
15-17 (14-18) (semi)BAL, promises stopper
SYSTEM ON
reopening: 12-14, at least partial stopper, system on
reopening 2NT without jump: 15-18, promises stopper reopening jump to 2NT: 19-21, promises stopper, 1NT system on
JUMP OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; Unusual NT)
1-suiter: Pre-emptive ( $0-10$ (13) hcp depending on VUL/position) $\rightarrow 2 \mathrm{NT}=\mathrm{INV}+$ relay $\rightarrow$ answers like after 2 M opening 2-suiter: $2 \mathrm{NT}=$ two lowest suits
Reopen: based on tricks, somewhat stronger
DIRECT \& JUMP CUE BIDS (Style; Response; Reopen)
over $1 \boldsymbol{1} \boldsymbol{A}=$ Michaels cue $(0-10$ or $16+\mathrm{p})-2 \mathrm{NT}=$ relay, $\mathrm{N} \boldsymbol{*}=\mathrm{poc}$ over 1 minor (3+) = both majors (54+) 8-11 hcp
jump cue $=$ asks stopper for 3 NT ; (2M)-3M $=$ asks stopper for 3 NT reopening $=$ same
VS. NT (vs. Strong/Weak; Reopening; PH)

vs WK (lower limit less than 14$)=\mathrm{Dbl}=15+2 \boldsymbol{2}=$ Majors, others nat

VS. PREEMPTS (Doubles; Cue-bids; Jumps; NT Bids)
T/O DBL thru 4 $\mathbf{~},(2 \mathrm{x})$-DBL-2NT=LEB; applies also if
(1M-2M), cue-bid = asking stopper, Leaping Michaels (FG) against MULTI-opening DBL=opening strength
VS. ARTIFICIAL STRONG OPENINGS- i.e. 1* or 2*
VS $1 \boldsymbol{N} / \mathbf{4}:$ DBL=Majors, $1 \mathrm{NT}=$ minors
overcall can be aggressive

## OVER OPPONENTS' TAKEOUT DOUBLE

RDBL=(10) $11+\mathrm{HCP}$
1 / / - (DBL) - transfers, direct raise weak (see suppl. sheet)
1 - (DBL) - transfers (see suppl. sheet)

## LEADS AND SIGNALS

| OPENING LEADS STYLE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lead | In Partner's Suit |
| Suit | $11^{\text {st/ }} 3{ }^{\text {rd }} /$ low | $1^{\text {st }} / 3^{\text {rd }}$ (att. in supported suit) |
| NT | $2^{\text {nd }} / 4^{\text {th }}$ | $1^{\text {st }} / 3^{\text {rd }}$ (att. in supported suit) |
| Subseq | $1{ }^{\text {st/ }} / 3 \mathrm{rd} /$ att. through dummy, | $1{ }^{\text {st/ }} / 3^{\text {rd }}$ |
| $2^{\text {nd }} / 4^{\text {th }}$ through declarer |  |  |
| $10 / 9$ is $1^{\text {st}} / 3^{\text {rd}}$; when leading through declarer, we lead $2^{\text {nd }}$ from sequence |  |  |
| LEADS |  |  |
| Lead | Vs. Suit | Vs. NT |
| Ace | AK, AK(+), Ax | any AK(+), Ax |
| King | any AK(+), any KQ(+), Kx | any AK(+), any KQ(+), Kx |
| Queen | any KQ(+), QJ(+), Qx | any KQ(+), QJ(+), Qx |
| Jack | J10(+), Jx | J10(+), Jx |
| 10 | 109(+), HJ10(+), 10x | HJ10(+), 109(+), 10x |
| 9 | 9x, 98(+), H109(+) | H109(+) |
| Hi-X | Sx, HxSxxx, xxSxxx | xSx, xSxx(+) |
| Lo-X | xxS(x), xxxxS, HxSx, HxxxS | xS, 10xxS(+),HxxS(+),(xxxS(+)) |

SIGNALS IN ORDER OF PRIORITY

|  | Partner's Lead | Declarer's Lead | Discarding |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Suit 1 | odd $=$ ENC | hi/lo $=$ even | odd=ENC/even SP |
| 2 | hi/lo $=$ even | SP | $($ hi/lo $=$ even $)$ |
| 3 | SP |  |  |
| NT 1 | odd $=$ ENC | Smith echo | odd=ENC/even SP |
| 2 | hi/lo $=$ even | hi/lo $=$ even | (hi/lo $=$ even) |
| 3 |  |  |  |

> Signals: ATT on A or Q, count on K
odd encourages, even = Lavinthal; "the smaller the odder" principle SMITH-ECHO, if needed (hi-lo from leader disc., from partner enc.) DOUBLES

## TAKEOUT DOUBLES (Style; Responses; Reopening)

11-16 negative or 12 opening values, may be light with classic shape then new suit $=\mathrm{NF}$, cue-bid $=\mathrm{GF} ;(2 \mathrm{x})-\mathrm{DBL}-2 \mathrm{NT}=\mathrm{LEB}$
jump to 2nd level = INV (8-11) with 4+ suit, double jump=INV with 6c suit We play equal level conversion $\quad$ Reopening: 8+ (with classical shape)

## SPECIAL, ARTIFICIAL \& COMPETITIVE DBLS/RDLS

NEG X thru 4 $\uparrow$, higher it shows "cards", $1 \uparrow$-(x)-xx $=\boldsymbol{\bullet}, 1 \uparrow$-( $1 \boldsymbol{\bullet})$-x $=4+\boldsymbol{\downarrow}$
support DBL thru "2M-1", responder's DBL to cue shows top-honour Often DBL shows just extras from NF hand, maximal DBL on $3^{\text {rd }}$ level Snapdragon DBL
standard Lightner/lead directional DBLs
against (1 $\mathbf{~} \mathbf{~})-(1 N T)-\mathrm{DBL}=\mathrm{TO}$
DBL to 3NT = lead your suit, if only opps have bid = lead dummy's suit
usually, DBL is takeout until there are still 2 unbid suits left if only one hand has bid, then double from there is competitive (or cards)

## CONVENTION CARD

CATEGORY: BLUE
COUNTRY: Estonia
EVENT: European Championships 2024
PLAYERS: Mirjam IHER - Maarja ORAS

## SYSTEM SUMMARY

GENERAL APPROACH AND STYLE
Relay-Precision, nebulous $1 \downarrow$, 5c Ms, 1NT (13)14-16 semiBAL
(4441) may open either $1 \star$ or 1NT
$2 *$ lousy w2 in a Major, $2 \uparrow / \Delta=w 2$, constructive
pre-empts aggressive, especially in green
overcall range (5)8-16 hcp, lots of non-penalty doubles
Judgement allowed in any situation; all points can be adjusted

## SPECIAL BIDS THAT MAY REQUIRE DEFENSE

## $1 \star$ may be short (void if 4405)

$2 \star=5+\mathrm{M}, 0-8 \mathrm{hcp}$
3NT = Gambling (max Q outside)
If opps interfere on $1^{\text {st }}$ level, we play transfers (see suppl. sheet) TRF-LEBENSOHL if opps interfere on $2^{\text {nd }}$ level (see suppl. s.)
$1 \vee-14$ is sometimes bid with $<4$ spades to keep bidding open 1M-3M raise weak, Michael's cue, Leaping Michaels

## $1 \mathrm{M}-2 \downarrow \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{NF}$

$3 \mathrm{x}-3 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{GF}$ in Vul, INV in NVul
If our 1NT is doubled for penalty, then responder's:
$2 \boldsymbol{n}$ nat or + M (usually passed unless doubled);
$2 \star=$ nat or Majors

## SPECIAL FORCING PASS SEQUENCES

after GF balance has been found, after our RDBL or PEN dbl after 1M/NT - 2e

## IMPORTANT NOTES

sometimes light bids, on distributional values or lead directional If relay is doubled, pass and RD count as steps; if answer, pass = relay, RD = to play
We tend to reopen in NVul vs Vul even with min
PSYCHICS: 3rd hand opening may be very light
1NT opening flexible
otherwise rare

Mirjam Iher-Maarja Oras (Estonia)


| 4NT | x |
| :--- | :--- |
| HIGH LEVEL BIDDING |  |

Splinter; autosplinter
Quantitative 4NT after NT-bids
5NT: pick a slam; 4 with sfit or
after nat bid is RKCB

| DESCRIPTION | RESPONSES | SUBSEQUENT ACTION | PASSED HAND BIDDING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STR: 17-19 or 22+ if BAL |  | 1ヵ-1-1-4/ 4+F1, unBAL | Max-responses are (9)10-11 |
| (14) 16+ if UNBAL |  | 1*-1* puppet to 2*, almost GF; 1*-1*-2 =minors |  |
| or 8+ playing tricks | 2NT-3 $=8$-11, 4441 below singleton | 1*-1*-1NT - 1NT sys on, 1*-1*-2NT-2NT sys on |  |
|  | 3 (NT)=any AKQxxx(x) all answers except $1 *$ GF | after positive answer (except 2 ) $+1=$ relay (any distr.) |  |
| 11-13 BAL, | $1 \boldsymbol{/} / \mathbf{\Delta}=\mathrm{F} 1,4+, 1 \mathrm{LT} / 2 \mathrm{NT}$ NAT, limit | voluntary 2 bids from opener=both minors |  |
| 11-16 hcp 4414, 4405 or 4+* | $2 \boldsymbol{*} / \uparrow$ NAT, GF, $2 \uparrow /\llcorner=5 \wedge 4+\downarrow$, 7-9/8-11 hcp | 1-1M-1NT-2 =checkback |  |
| may be also 524M with bad | $3 \mathrm{x}=\mathrm{INV}$, 6+ suit | if opps interfere, we play transfers (see suppl. sheet) |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| (9)11-16 hcp | 1NT=GF relay (any distr.); $1 \stackrel{\Delta}{\text { a }}$ + + ¢ F1 | 1- / - 1NT-2 =MAX, $2=4+\mathrm{m} ; 2 \boldsymbol{*}=$ BAL or 54+Majors | no GF relays |
|  | 2*=ART, INV; 2NT= distributional INV with supp |  |  |
|  | $3 * / \downarrow=6 \mathrm{c}$ suit INV, $2 \uparrow / \stackrel{\text { a }}{ }$ NAT, NF ( $0-10(11) \mathrm{hcp}$ ) | $3 \vee / \stackrel{=}{ }$ |  |
|  | $3 \boldsymbol{*}=$ PRE ( 0 - 8 hcp ), 3 any splinter with singleton, 3 NT spl with void, $4 \boldsymbol{*}$ spl with void | $1 \mathrm{M}-2 \boldsymbol{2}->2=$ waiting or $\min 5 \mathrm{c} M ;->2 \mathrm{M}=\min 6 \mathrm{c} M$ $1 \mathrm{M}-2 \mathrm{NT}-3 \mathrm{x}=$ short, $4 \mathrm{x}=5 \mathrm{c}$ suit, $4 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{min} 6 \mathrm{c}$ or max bal |  |
| (9)11-16 hcp | same principles as after 1 $\boldsymbol{\bullet} ; 1 \boldsymbol{-}-2 \boldsymbol{\vee}=\mathrm{NF}$, |  | no GF relays |
|  | $3 \bullet=I N V, 6+\varphi ; 3 N T$ any spl with singleton |  |  |
| 14-16 (semi)BAL | $2 \boldsymbol{*}$ Stayman, $2 \star \boldsymbol{*}=$ TRF, $2 \boldsymbol{*}$ = BAL or $\uparrow$, | 1NT-2 2 -2NT = MAX 44 majors $->3 \leqslant / \downarrow=$ TRF |  |
| (5c suit usually counts as 1hcp) | $2 \mathrm{NT}=\boldsymbol{*}$ or $\uparrow$, $3 \boldsymbol{*}=$ both minors, INV, $3 \uparrow=$ both | 1NT-2 - -2 -(44)+ Majors, weak (<9hcp), |  |
| may include 5 c M, 6 cm , | minors, GF; $3 \bullet=31$ (54) GF, $3 \boldsymbol{\wedge}=13(54) \mathrm{GF}$ |  |  |
| singleton (rarely small) | 4*=asking for aces, $4 \diamond \boldsymbol{\bullet}=$ TRF, 4NT INV | after TRF new suit $=$ GF, jump $=$ autosplinter |  |
| 11-16hcp 6\%or 5+4M |  |  |  |
| min with 6\% 4 / $5 \boldsymbol{2} 4 \mathrm{M}$ with bad $\boldsymbol{2}$ | 2NT=trf to $3 \boldsymbol{\sim}$ ( or GF twosuiter) | $3 \uparrow \boldsymbol{*}=$ max $6 \boldsymbol{2} 4 \mathrm{x}$ |  |
| may be opened 1* |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2-2 -x -> new suit $=$ nat GF |  |
| $1^{\text {st/ } / 2}{ }^{\text {nd }}$ hand: 0-8 hcp, $5+\square$ or |  | on 2NT: 3 $=$ max $\rightarrow 3 \wedge=\mathrm{R} \rightarrow 3 \vee \wedge=0 \mathrm{M}$; $3 \uparrow \boldsymbol{*}=\mathrm{min}$, trf |  |
| $3{ }^{\text {rd }} / 4^{\text {th }}$ hand: natural, 0-12hcp | 3¢=puppet to $3 \uparrow, 4 \vee / \stackrel{\text { c }}{ }$ = to play | pass = to play (may not have $\uparrow$ ) if doubled: $\mathrm{rdbl}=$ |  |
| (lower limit depends on vul and pos.) | $4 \boldsymbol{*}=$ make TRF, P!, 3 = INV to 4M, 4 = =F to 4M | partner, bid your suit!; 2 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 3 $=$ nat NF, others sys on |  |
| 6-10 hcp, good 6c suit | 2NT = relay (INV+); raise = random PRE | $2 \boldsymbol{-}$-2NT-> $3 \boldsymbol{\downarrow}=$ min, $3 \bullet \downarrow$ max shortness, 3NT max bal |  |
| $3{ }^{\text {rd }} / 4^{\text {th }}$ hand: like 2 | 2a NF, otherwise new suit F1 |  |  |
| 6-10 hcp, good 6c suit | 2NT = relay (INV+); raise = random PRE | 2^-2NT-> 3¢=min, 3¢ $\downarrow$ max shortness, 3NT max bal |  |
| $3{ }^{\text {rd }} / 4^{\text {th }}$ hand: like 2 | New suit F1 |  |  |
| 20-21 hcp, semiBAL | 3\%=puppet stayman, $3 \bullet \boldsymbol{\sim}=$ trf, $3 \boldsymbol{*}=$ minors, GF | 2NT-3*-3 = at least one 4c M, 3 |  |
|  | $4 \boldsymbol{4} \downarrow \boldsymbol{\varphi}=\operatorname{trf}$ | $3 \boldsymbol{s}=5 \mathrm{c}$ ¢, $3 \mathrm{NT}=5 \mathrm{c} \boldsymbol{\square}$ |  |
| pre-empt (random), 0-10hcp | new suit F1 VUL, INV nonVUL (can be for lead) |  |  |
| depending on VUL and position |  |  |  |
| same | 42* = cue |  |  |
| $1^{\text {st }} / 2^{\text {nd. }}$ : solid m, no outside $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{K}$ | Any = poc; $4 \downarrow=(\mathrm{R})$ asks shortness | 4M=shortness;4NT=7222;5m=short in other m |  |
| -, 8,5-9,5 tricks | $4 \downarrow=$ inv to slam |  |  |
| 4, 8,5-9,5 tricks | $4 \boldsymbol{V}=$ inv to slam |  |  |
| pre-emptive ( $7-8$ tricks) |  |  |  |
| both minors |  |  |  |
| HIGH LEVEL BIDDING | HIGH LEVEL BIDDING | HIGH LEVEL BIDDING |  |
| Any lowest $1^{\text {st }}$ or $2^{\text {nd }}$ round cue | After finding exact pattern +1 CRASH for aces, | $4 \star$ after finding exact pattern= TRF to $4 \boldsymbol{\vee}$, gamestopper |  |
| In bid 5c suit, bidder's cuebid | then +1 CRASH for kings/ +2 asks exact location | 4 4 NT5 |  |
| promises $2 / 3$ honours; partner's | of honours and after that +1 CRASH for kings etc. | preparing to RKCB in suits in order of length |  |
| 1/3; no cuebid with shortness | DOPI-ROPI, if higher than 5 of our suit - DEPO | RKCB 1403, Exclusion Blackwood |  |

## Supplementary sheet: Transfers in competitive auctions

| After 1 - (dbl): |  | $\underline{\text { After } 1 \uparrow-(1 \vee): ~}$ |  | After 1-(1占): |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rdbl | $4+\stackrel{\square}{+}$ | dbl | ( $4+$ ) | dbl take-out (usually guarantees 4c $\boldsymbol{\text { ¢ }}$ ) |
| $1 \checkmark$ | 4+ | 1s | NT, doesn't promise stopper! | 1NT nat, with stopper |
| 14 | NT | 1NT | 0 | $2^{\text {nd }}$ and $3^{\text {rd }}$ level as after $1 \bullet$, only $2 \downarrow$ is trf to opps' suit |
| 1NT | * | 2\% | $\checkmark$ | (INV+, asking for stopper) |
| 2\% | $\checkmark$ | 2 | "trf to opp's suit", i.e GF without 4c | $3 \% / \downarrow$ may be 5+c |
| 2*V | $6+\boldsymbol{*} / \boldsymbol{\omega} / \boldsymbol{¢}$, weak or GF ${ }^{1}$ | 2* | $6+\boldsymbol{*}$, weak or GF |  |
| 2NT | minors, weak or GF | 2NT | minors, weak or GF |  |
| 30ヶ* | nat, INV | 3* | nat, INV |  |
| 3NT | to play | 3 | INV with |  |
| 4NT | minors | 39 | asking for $\downarrow$ stopper, solid minor |  |


| After 1-(2*): |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| dbl | take-out |
| 2* | $\checkmark$ |
| 2* | 4 |
| 24 | - |
| 2NT | nat INV |
| 3\% | asking for stopper |



Similar logic applies if opps open with nebulous 1 m or bid and support the same suit, for example: (1m)-1M-( $2 \mathrm{~m}^{5}$ ) -> like after $1 \mathrm{M}-(2 \mathrm{~m})$
$\left(1 \boldsymbol{*}^{6}\right)-1 \vee-(1 \Delta)->$ like after $1 \bullet-(1 \boldsymbol{\varphi})$
(1x)-2m-(2x $\left.{ }^{5}\right)$-> like after 2*-(2x)

[^0]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Henceforth: weak $=0-10(11)$ hcp depending on hand and vulnerability, GF $=13+$ hcp or distributional extras
    ${ }^{2}$ Promising both Majors
    ${ }^{3}$ Not promising both Majors
    ${ }^{4}$ Not promising both Majors
    ${ }^{5} \mathrm{NF}$
    ${ }^{6}$ Nebulous

